

**BILL SUMMARY**  
1<sup>st</sup> Session of the 58<sup>th</sup> Legislature

<b>Bill No.:</b>	<b>HB 2505</b>
<b>Version:</b>	<b>Introduced</b>
<b>Request Number:</b>	<b>5010</b>
<b>Author:</b>	<b>Rep. Kannady</b>
<b>Date:</b>	<b>2/16/2021</b>
<b>Impact:</b>	<b>\$0</b>

**Research Analysis**

HB 2505 directs courts to conduct evidentiary hearings upon the filing of an indictment or an information where the named defendant is a law enforcement officer accused of murder or manslaughter to determine if the trial is to proceed. The burden of proof is upon the state to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the law enforcement officer was neither acting in self-defense or in the defense of others at the time of the alleged offense. The hearing must be scheduled within sixty days after the indictment or filing.

Prepared By: Brad Wolgamott

**Fiscal Analysis**

HB 2505, as introduced, creates a new law that would require courts to conduct an evidentiary hearing after the return of an indictment where the named defendant is a law enforcement officer accused of first or second degree murder or manslaughter but prior to a preliminary hearing to determine whether the trial of the offense shall proceed.

No direct impact to state revenues or expenditures is anticipated from passage of the measure.

Prepared By: Clayton Mayfield

**Other Considerations**

None.